1. Indian Contract Act, 1872 – (Sec. 1 to 75 & 124 to 238)  
   30%

2. The Sale of Goods Act, 1930 (excluding sections relating to suits for breach)  
   10%

3. (A) Banking Act  
   10%
(B) Insurance Act  
   5%

4. The Companies Act, 1956  
   10%
   - Definition – Characteristics of company - Types of Companies.
   - Provisions relating to formation of companies – (Private & Public Companies Only)
     Memorandum and Articles of Association, Prospectus, Directors, (Appointment, Reappointment, Remuneration, Removal, Resignation, Rights, Duties & Liabilities)

5(A) Central Excise Act :  
   15%
   (a) Definitions (Sec. 2) :
      * Excisable Goods  
      * Sales & Purchase  
      * Factory  
      * Retail sales price u/s 4A  
      * Manufacture & Manufacturer

   (b) Levy and Collection of Duty (Sec. 3, 4, 4A) ; exemptions from duty .(Sec. 5A)
   Registration of certain persons u/s 6 ; Relaxation for small – scale sector under Exemption Notification 8/2003 and 9/2003. Concept of CENVAT and CENVAT Credit under Central Excise Law.
(B) Customs Act, 1962:


Types of Customs Duties:
- Basic Custom Duty under section 12 of Customs Act.
- Additional Customs Duty under Section 3(1) of Customs Tariff Act.
- Special Additional Duty of Customs under section 3A of Customs Tariff Act.
- Protective Duty under section 6 of Customs Tariff Act.
- Countervailing Duty on subsidised goods under section 9 of Customs Tariff Act.

Procedure of Import and Export

6. The Consumer Protection Act, 1986:
   Salient features,
   Definition of Consumer, Grievance Redressal Machinery.

7. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 2000:
   Definitions and Main Provision of the Act.

   Definitions and Main Provision of the Act.

Note: Objective types of Question should carry at least 20% of the total marks.