

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS (CORE & ELECTIVE)**  
**NEW SYLLABUS IN FORCE FROM THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

<b>NO</b>	<b>SEMESTER</b>	<b>PAPER NO</b>	<b>NAME OF THE PAPER</b>	<b>FACULTY</b>
1	01 & 02 (CORE & ELECTIVE) UG	101 & 111	ELEMENTARY ECONOMICS- 01 & 02	ARTS
2	01 & 02 (CORE & ELECTIVE) UG	102 & 112	PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY -01 & 02	ARTS
3	01 & 02 UG (2 <sup>ND</sup> ELECTIVE)	103	INTRODUCTION OF ECONOMICS- 01 & 02	ARTS
4	03 & 04 (CORE & ELECTIVE) UG	201 & 211	PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS – 01 & 02	ARTS
5	03 & 04 (CORE & ELECTIVE) UG	202 & 212	MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS -01 INTERNATIONAL MONETARY INSTITUTIONS -01	ARTS
6	03 & 04 (CORE ) UG	203	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & ECONOMIC SYSTEMS -01 & 02	ARTS
7	05 & 06 CORE UG	301 & 311	MONEY & MACRO ECONOMICS – 01 & 02	ARTS
8	05 & 06 CORE UG	302 & 312	INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS & PUBLIC FINANCE -01 & 02	ARTS
9	05 & 06 CORE UG	303 & 313	PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY -03 & 04	ARTS
10	05 & 06 CORE UG	304 & 314	INTRODUCTION TO QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE & ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS-01	ARTS
11	05 & 06 CORE UG	305 & 315	ECONOMIC ESSAYS – 01 & 02	ARTS
12	05 & 06 CORE UG	306 & 316	FIELD WORK & ECONOMIC SURVEY -01 & 02 (PRACTICAL)	ARTS
13	CORE UG	101 & 102	PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS – 01 & 02	COMMERCE
14	CORE UG	103 & 104	INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS & PUBLIC FINANCE -01 & 02	COMMERCE
15	CORE UG	105 & 106	PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY -01 & 02	COMMERCE
16	CORE PG	401 & 411	ECONOMICS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES - 01 & 02	COMMERCE

# **SEMESTER : 01**

## **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 01 (CORE & ELECTIVE) IN FORCE**

#### **FROM THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

##### **ECONOMICS (ELEMENTARY ECONOMICS-01)**

###### **PAPER -101 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. DEFINITIONS OF ECONOMICS – ADAM SMITH – MARSHALL – ROBBINS - DIFFERENT BRANCHES OF MODERN ECONOMICS – UTILITY – VALUE AND PRICE – MONETARY AND REAL INCOME – GOODS AND SERVICES
2. MEANING OF DEMAND – DETERMINENTS OF DEMAND – TYPES OF DEMAND – LAW OF DEMAND – EXCEPTIONS OF LAW OF DEMAND – INCREASE AND DECREASE IN DEMAND – EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION OF DEMAND
3. MEANING OF SUPPLY – DETERMINENTS OF SUPPLY – DIFFERENCE WITHIN THE PRODUCTION, SUPPLY AND STOCK – INCREASE AND DECREASE IN SUPPLY – EXPANSION AND CONTRACTION IN SUPPLY
4. MEANING OF MARKET – FUNCTIONS OF MARKET – PRICE DETERMINATION IN THE MARKET.

## **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 01 (CORE & ELECTIVE) IN FORCE**

#### **FROM THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

##### **ECONOMICS (PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY -01)**

###### **PAPER -102 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. MEANING OF DEVELOPING NATION – CHARACTERISTICS OF DEVELOPING NATION – HOW IT DIFFERS THAN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES
2. POPULATION EXPLOSION – CAUSES – EFFECTS – POPULATION POLICY OF GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
3. PROBLEMS OF AGRICULTURE SECTOR IN INDIA – NEED FOR SECOND GREEN REVOLUTION – STEPS TAKEN TO IMPROVED AGRICULTURE PRODUCTIVITY
4. LAND REFORMS IN INDIA – AGRICULTURE MARKETING – AGRICULTURE FINANCE

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**  
**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 01 (2<sup>ND</sup> ELECTIVE) IN FORCE FROM**  
**THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

**ECONOMICS (INTRODUCTION OF ECONOMICS – 01)**

**PAPER -103 (2<sup>ND</sup> ELECTIVE)**

1. POPULAR DEFINITIONS OF ECONOMICS AND IMPORTANCE OF ECONOMICS IN MODERN TIME
2. MEANING OF HUMAN NEEDS – TYPES OF HUMAN NEEDS – FACTORS AFFECTING THE HUMAN NEEDS
3. MEANING OF DIVISION OF LABOUR – MERITS AND DEMERITS – FACTORS AFFECTING THE DIVISION OF LABOUR
4. MEANING OF LAND AND LABOUR AS A FACTOR OF PRODUCTION AND ITS CHARACTERISTICS

## **SEMESTER : 02**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 02 (CORE & ELECTIVE) IN FORCE**

#### **FROM THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

### **ECONOMICS (ELEMENTARY ECONOMICS-02)**

#### **PAPER -111 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. MEANING OF MONEY AND ITS DIFFERENT STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT OF MODERN MONEY– LIMITATIONS OF BARTER SYSTEM – FUNCTIONS OF MONEY – MEANING OF DEMONETISATION AND ITS EFFECTS.
2. WHAT IS BANK – TYPES OF BANKS – COMMERCIAL BANKS, CENTRAL BANK AND THEIR FUNCTIONS
3. NATIONAL INCOME – NATURE OF NATIONAL INCOME – FACTORS AFFECTING THE NATIONAL INCOME
4. FEDERAL FINANCE – TAXATION AS A SOURCE OF GOVERNMENT REVENUE – ARGUMENTS FOR DIRECT AND INDIRECT TAXES

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 02 (CORE & ELECTIVE) IN FORCE**

#### **FROM THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

### **ECONOMICS (PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY -02)**

#### **PAPER -112 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. CLASSIFICATION OF INDUSTRIAL SECTOR IN INDIA – IMPORTANCE OF COTTAGE AND SMALL UNITS – LIMITATIONS – REMEDIES
2. CONTRIBUTION OF AGRICULTURE SECTOR IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF INDIA – NEED FOR PUBLIC SECTOR – LIMITATIONS – PRIVATISATION
3. MEANING OF UNEMPLOYMENT – CLASSIFICATION – CAUSES – GOVERNMENT'S EMPLOYMENT POLICY
4. ABSOLUTE AND RELATIVE POVERTY – INDICATORS OF POVERTY – CAUSES – GOVERNMENT ANTIPOVERTY PROGRAMMES

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**  
**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 02 (2<sup>ND</sup> ELECTIVE) IN FORCE FROM**  
**THE NEW ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

**ECONOMICS (INTRODUCTION OF ECONOMICS – 02)**

**PAPER -113 (2<sup>ND</sup> ELECTIVE)**

1. MEANING OF DEMAND – LAW OF DEMAND – EXCEPTIONS OF LAW OF DEMAND
2. MEANING OF SUPPLY – LAW OF SUPPLY – EXCEPTIONS OF LAW OF SUPPLY
3. MEANING OF MARKET – TYPES OF MARKETS – FUNCTIONS OF MARKETS
4. MEANING OF MONEY – DIFFERENT STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT OF MONEY –  
FUNCTIONS OF MONEY

## **SEMESTER : 03**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 03 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

##### **ECONOMICS (PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS –01 )**

###### **PAPER -201 ( CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. DERIVATION OF LAW OF DEMAND ON THE BASIS OF UTILITY – MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIFFERENCE CURVE AND BUDGET LINE
2. MEANING OF CONSUMER’S EQUILIBRIUM – EXPLAIN CONSUMER’S EQUILIBRIUM CONCEPT WITH THE HELP OF INDIFFERENCE CURVE AND BUDGET LINE – EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS
3. PRICE ELECTICITY OF DEMAND – TYPES – FACTORS AFFECTING TO PRICE ELECTICITY OF DEMAND – CONCEPT OF INCOME ELECTICITY OF DEMAND
4. CONCEPT OF PRODUCTION FUNCTION – SHORT AND LONG TERM PRODUCTION FUNCTION – LAW OF VARIABLE PROPORTION

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 03 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

##### **ECONOMICS (MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS –01 )**

###### **PAPER -202 ( CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS – SCOPE OF MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS – RESPONSIBILITIES OF A MANAGER
2. BASIC CONCEPTS ( MEANING OF MANAGEMENT-ROLE OF ECONOMIST IN MANAGEMENT-DECISION MAKING PROCESS-OPPORTUNITY COST – CONCEPT OF MARGINALISM
3. MARKET DEMAND ANALYSIS – DEMAND ESTIMATION
4. MEANING OF DEMAND FORECASTING AND DIFFERENT METHODS OF DEMAND FORECASTING

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**  
**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 03 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

**ECONOMICS (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & ECONOMIC SYSTEMS -01)**

**PAPER -203 ( CORE)**

1. MEANING AND INDICATORS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC GROWTH – NATIONAL INCOME AND PER-CAPITA INCOME AND PHYSICAL QUALITY OF LIFE INDEX (PQLI) AS INDICATORS OF DEVELOPMENT
2. STRATEGY OF DEVELOPMENT – BALANCE GROWTH STRATEGY – UNBALANCE GROWTH STRATEGY – BIG-PUSH STRATEGY
3. CONCEPT OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT – HDI –HRD – HPI – HGI AS INDICATORS OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT
4. ADMINISTRATION – DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT - TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## **SEMESTER : 04**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 04 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

##### **ECONOMICS (PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS – 02 )**

##### **PAPER -211 ( CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. VARIOUS CONCEPTS OF REVENUE AND COST FOR THE FIRM – INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AVERAGE COST AND MARGINAL COST – AVERAGE REVENUE AND MARGINAL REVENUE IN THE PERFECT COMPETITION MARKET AND MONOPOLY MARKETS
2. MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF PERFECT COMPETITION MARKET – MEANING OF EQUILIBRIUM – CONDITIONS FOR EQUILIBRIUM – SHORT AND LONG TERM EQUILIBRIUM OF THE FIRM
3. MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF MONOPOLY MARKET – MONOPOLIST EQUILIBRIUM – MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF MONOPOLISTIC COMPETITION MARKET – EQUILIBRIUM OF THE GROUP OF FIRMS
4. MARGINAL PRODUCTIVITY THEORY OF DISTRIBUTION – RICARDIAN AND MODERN THEORY OF RENT – QUASI RENT

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 04 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

##### **ECONOMICS (INTERNATIONAL MONETARY INSTITUTIONS –01 )**

##### **PAPER -212 ( CORE & ELECTIVE)**

1. NEED AND OBJECTIVES OF FOREIGN AID – AVAILABILITY OF FOREIGN AID – ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF FOREIGN AID
2. INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND (IMF) & INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT (IBRD / WORLD BANK)
3. WORLD TRADE ORGANISATION (WTO) AND INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION (IFC)
4. AS INTERREGIONAL ORGANISATIONS OPEC (OIL PRODUCING AND EXPORTING COUNTRIES), UCM (EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET) AND ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK



**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**  
**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 04 (CORE & ELECTIVE)**

**ECONOMICS (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & ECONOMIC SYSTEMS -02)**  
**PAPER -213 ( CORE)**

1. MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF ECONOMIC SYSTEM – FEUDALISM AND MERCANTALISM
2. ECONOMIC INSTITUTIONS OF CAPITALISM – PRIVATE PROPERTY – INHERITANCE – COMPETITION – FREEDOM OF ENTERPRISE – CONSUMER’S SOVEREIGNTY - LIMITATIONS
3. MEANING OF SOCIALISM – PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF PROPERTY AND MEANS OF PRODUCTION – CENTRALISED PLANNING – LIMITED ROLE OF MARKET
4. GANDHIAN ECONOMIC THOUGHTS – GANDHISM – USE OF MACHINES – CONCEPT OF TRUSTEESHIP – GRAMSWARAJ – SARVODAYA – REVELANCE OF GANDHISM

## **SEMESTER : 05**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (MONEY & MACRO ECONOMICS - 01)**

#### **PAPER -301 ( CORE)**

1. NATIONAL INCOME AND VARIOUS METHODS OF MEASUREMENT OF NATIONAL INCOME – FACTORS AFFECTING THE NATIONAL INCOME
2. J. B. SAY’S LAW OF MARKET – CLASSICAL THEORY OF FULL EMPLOYMENT – LIMITATIONS OF CLASSICAL THEORY.
3. CONCEPT OF CONSUMPTION FUNCTION BY KEYNES – MULTIPLIER CONCEPT – MARGINAL EFFICIENCY OF CAPITAL
4. MEANING AND NATURE OF BUSINESS CYCLE – VARIOUS STAGES OF BUSINESS CYCLE – HICKS EXPLANATION ABOUT THE BUSINESS CYCLE

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS & PUBLIC FINANCE -01)**

#### **PAPER -302 ( CORE)**

1. INTERREGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE – COMPARATIVE COST DIFFERENCE THEORY – FACTOR ENDOWMENT THEORY OF TRADE
2. MEANING OF TERMS OF TRADE – GAINS FROM TRADE AND IT’S DISTRIBUTION – CONCEPT OF OFFER CURVES
3. TRADE POLICY – MERITS AND DEMERITS OF FREE TRADE – PROTECTION TRADE POLICY AND IT’S ARGUMENTS
4. EXCHANGE RATE – EXCHANGE RATE DETERMINATION – PURCHASING POWER PARITY THEORY OF EXCHANGE RATE

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY (03)**

**PAPER -303 ( CORE)**

1. STRATEGY OF PLANNING IN INDIA – ACHIEVEMENTS AND LIMITATIONS OF PLANNING – LESSONS OF PLANNING IN INDIA
2. ECONOMIC REFORMS IN INDIA – INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL POLICIES IN INDIA – TECHNOLOGICAL POLICY IN INDIA
3. CONCENTRATION OF ECONOMIC POWER IN INDIA – NEED FOR PRIVATISATION IN INDIA
4. PROBLEM OF PRICE-RISE IN INDIA – CAUSES – EFFECTS – REMIDIES

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (INTRODUCTION TO QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE)**

**PAPER -304 ( CORE)**

1. THEORY OF SET- FUNCTION  
CONCEPT OF A SET – FINITE AND INFINITE SETS - NULL SET – UNIT SET – UNIVERSAL SET - EQUAL SETS AND EQUIVALENT SETS –UNION AND INTERSECTION OF SETS – DIFFERENCE OF TWO SETS, VENN DIAGRAM  
FUNCTION – CONCEPT OF A FUNCTION OF SINGLE VARIABLE (LINEAR) – DOMAIN, CO-DOMAIN AND RANGE OF A FUNCTION- APPLICATION OF FUNCTION TO DEMAND, SUPPLY, PRODUCTION, COST, REVENUE
2. INDEX NUMBER  
DEFINITION – CONSTRUCTION OF INDEX NUMBER – LIMITATIONS, CHARACTERISTICS AND USES OF INDEX NUMBERS – CONSTRUCTION OF INDEX NUMBER BY FAMILY BUDGET METHOD AND AGGREGATE EXPENDITURE METHOD USING LASPEYRE’S, PAASHE’S AND FISHER’S FORMULAS.
3. MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY  
MEANING – VARIOUS MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY- MEAN, MEDIAN, MODE AND THEIR SIMPLE EXAMPLES – CHARACTERISTICS OF AN IDEAL MEASURE OF CENTRAL TENDENCY – MERITS AND DEMERITS OF MEAN, MEDIAN AND MODE.
4. MATRIXES AND DETERMINANTS  
MATRIXES: DEFINITION OF MATRIX, DIFFERENT TYPES OF MATRIXES – ALGEBRA OF MATRIXES (ADDITION, SUBTRACTION AND MULTIPLICATION) (2×2)(3×3)  
DETERMINANTS: MEANING – DETERMINANT OF SQUARE MATRIX

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**  
**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**  
**ECONOMICS (ECONOMIC ESSAYS – 01)**  
**PAPER -305 ( CORE)**

1. PARALLEL ECONOMY / BLACK MONEY
2. INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND (IMF) AND WORLD BANK (IBRD)
3. GATT, WTO, TRIPs AND TRIMS
4. UNEMPLOYMENT AND EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMMES
5. CHILD LABOUR IN INDIA
6. PROBLEM OF PRICE RISE AND PRICING POLICY IN INDIA

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**  
**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (FIELD WORK & ECONOMIC SURVEY -01 (PRACTICAL))**  
**PAPER -306 ( CORE)**

1. CASE STUDY
2. SURVEY METHODS
3. FIELD WORK
4. REPORT WRITING

## **SEMESTER : 06**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 06 (CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (MONEY & MACRO ECONOMICS - 02)**

#### **PAPER -311 ( CORE)**

1. VALUE OF MONEY – PRICE INDEX NUMBER AS A METHOD OF MEASUREMENT OF VALUE OF MONEY
2. MEANING OF MONEY SUPPLY – QUANTITY THEORY OF MONEY GIVEN BY PROF. FISHER AND CAMBRIDGE
3. MEANING OF INFLATION – NATURE – CAUSES – EFFECTS – PRICE CONTROL POLICY
4. MONETARISM – RULES V/S DISCRETION REGARDING THE CHANGE IN THE MONEY SUPPLY – FACTORS AFFECTING TO THE SUPPLY OF MONEY

### **SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 06 (CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS & PUBLIC FINANCE -02)**

#### **PAPER -312 ( CORE)**

1. CONCEPT OF PUBLIC FINANCE – CHARACTERISTICS OF PUBLIC GOODS – CHARACTERISTICS OF PRIVATE GOODS
2. CAUSES RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INCREASE IN PUBLIC EXPENDITURE – EFFECTS OF PUBLIC EXPENDITURE ON PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT AND DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME.
3. TAXATION – PUBLIC DEBT – DEFICIT FINANCE – INCOME FROM PUBLIC SECTOR UNITS– DISINVESTMENT
4. DIRECT TAXES – INDIRECT TAXES – AS THEORIES OF TAXATION EQUITY, ABILITY AND BENEFIT – EFFECTS OF TAXATION ON PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT AND DISTRIBUTION.

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 06 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY (04)**

**PAPER -313 ( CORE)**

1. QUANTUM, COMPOSITION AND DIRECTION OF FOREIGN TRADE – TRADE POLICIES – EXPORT PROMOTION POLICY – IMPORT SUBSTITUTION POLICY
2. WORKING OF COMMERCIAL BANKS AND THEIR PROBLEMS
3. OBJECTIVES AND INSTRUMENTS OF MONETARY POLICY OF RESERVE BANK OF INDIA AND IT'S EVALUATION
4. OBJECTIVES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIAN TAX STRUCTURE – LIMITATIONS AND TAX REFORMS

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 06 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS)**

**PAPER -314 ( CORE)**

1. MEANING OF ENVIRONMENT – ECOSYSTEM AND ECOLOGY – RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ENVIRONMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT – CAUSES AND EFFECTS OF ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION
2. COMMAND AND CONTROL V/S MARKET BASED INSTRUMENTS FOR THE SOLUTIONS OF ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION – PIGONVIAN TAXES AND SUBSIDIES – PARETO OPTIMAL SOLUTION. ENVIRONMENTAL EXTERNALITIES
3. LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS - SOCIAL COST – BENEFIT ANALYSIS – CARRYIN CAPACITY – ENVIRNMENTAL VALUATION – TRAVEL COST METHOD – HEDONIC PRICING AND CONTINGENT VALUATION METHOD
4. CAUSES AND EFFECTS OF GLOBAL WORMING – GREEN HOME EFFECTS – DEPLETION OF OZONE LAYER AND ACID RAIN – RENEWABLE AND NON-RENEWABLE RESOURCES – DETORESTATION AND DESERITICATION – CONCEPT OF BIODIVERSITY – COASE THEOREM

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 06 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (ECONOMIC ESSAYS – 02)**

**PAPER -315 ( CORE)**

1. GANDHIAN ECONOMIC THOUGHTS
2. TAX-STRUCTURE AND TAX-REFORMS IN INDIA
3. URBANISATION PROBLEM IN INDIA
4. NATIONALIZED COMMERCIAL BANKS AND PRIVATE BANKS IN INDIA
5. ENVIRONMENTAL AND POLLUTION PROBLEMS IN INDIA AND SOLUTIONS
6. LIBERALISATION, PRIVATISATION AND GLOBALISATION POLICIES AND IT'S EVALUATION IN INDIA

**SYLLABUS FOR UGBA ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

**NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 05 (CORE)**

**ECONOMICS (FIELD WORK & ECONOMIC SURVEY -02 (PRACTICAL))**

**PAPER -316 ( CORE)**

1. CASE STUDY
2. SURVEY METHODS
3. FIELD WORK
4. REPORT WRITING

# **SEMESTER : 01 (COMMERCE)**

## **SYLLABUS FOR UG B. COM ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 01 (CORE)**

#### **COMMERCE**

#### **ECONOMICS (PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS –01)**

#### **PAPER -101 ( CORE)**

- 1. DERIVATION OF LAW OF DEMAND ON THE BASIS OF UTILITY – MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIFFERENCE CURVE AND BUDGET LINE**
- 2. MEANING OF CONSUMER’S EQUILIBRIUM – EXPLAIN CONSUMER’S EQUILIBRIUM CONCEPT WITH THE HELP OF INDIFFERANCE CURVE AND BUDGET LINE – EQUILIBRIUM CONDITIONS**
- 3. PRICE ELECTICITY OF DEMAND – TYPES – FACTORS AFFECTING TO PRICE ELASTICITY OF DEMAND – CONCEPT OF INCOME ELASTICITY OF DEMAND**
- 4. CONCEPT OF PRODUCTION FUNCTION – SHORT AND LONG TERM PRODUCTION FUNCTION – LAW OF VARIABLE PROPORTION**



## **SEMESTER : 02 (COMMERCE)**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UG B. COM ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 02 (CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS – 02 )**

#### **PAPER -102 ( CORE)**

- 1. VARIOUS CONCEPTS OF REVENUE AND COST FOR THE FIRM – INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AVERAGE COST AND MARGINAL COST – AVERAGE REVENUE AND MARGINAL REVENUE IN THE PERFECT COMPETITION MARKET AND MONOPOLY MARKETS**
- 2. MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF PERFECT COMPETITION MARKET – MEANING OF EQUILIBRIUM – CONDITIONS FOR EQUILIBRIUM – SHORT AND LONG TERM EQUILIBRIUM OF THE FIRM**
- 3. MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF MONOPOLY MARKET – MONOPOLIST EQUILIBRIUM – MEANING AND CHARACTERISTICS OF MONOPOLISTIC COMPETITION MARKET – EQUILIBRIUM OF THE GROUP OF FIRMS**
- 4. MARGINAL PRODUCTIVITY THEORY OF DISTRIBUTION – RICARDIAN AND MODERN THEORY OF RENT – QUASI RENT**

## **SEMESTER : 03 (COMMERCE)**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UG B. COM ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 02 (CORE)**

#### **COMMERCE**

#### **PAPER -103 ( CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS & PUBLIC FINANCE -01)**

1. IMPORTANCE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE – THEORIES OF COMPARATIVE COST DIFFERERANCE THEORY – FACTOR ENDOWMENT THEORY OF TRADE
2. MEANING OF TERMS OF TRADE – GAINS FROM TRADE AND IT’S DISTRIBUTION – J. S. MILL’S RECIPROCAL DEMAND THEORY - CONCEPT OF OFFER CURVES
3. TRADE POLICY – MERITS AND DEMERITS OF FREE TRADE – PROTECTION TRADE POLICY AND IT’S ARGUMENTS
4. EXCHANGE RATE –FLEXIBLE AND FLOATING EXCHANGE RATES - EXCHANGE RATE DETERMINATION – PURCHASING POWER PARITY THEORY OF EXCHANGE RATE

## **SEMESTER : 04**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UG B. COM ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 04 (CORE)**

#### **COMMERCE**

#### **ECONOMICS (INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS & PUBLIC FINANCE -02)**

#### **PAPER -104 ( CORE)**

- 1. DEFINITION, OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF PUBLIC FINANCE - CHARACTERISTICS OF PUBLIC GOODS AND PRIVATE GOODS – SPILL-OVER EFFECTS.**
- 2. CAUSES RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INCREASE IN PUBLIC EXPENDITURE – EFFECTS OF PUBLIC EXPENDITURE ON PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT AND DISTRIBUTION OF INCOME**
- 3. TAXATION – PUBLIC DEBT – DEFICIT FINANCE – INCOME FROM THE PUBLIC SECTOR – DISINVESTMENT**
- 4. DIRECT TAXES – INDIRECT TAXES – THEORIES OF TAXATION : EQUITY, ABILITY AND BENEFIT – EFFECTS OF TAXATION ON PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT AND DISTRIBUTION.**

## **SEMESTER : 05**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UG B. COM ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 03 (CORE)**

#### **COMMERCE**

#### **PAPER -105 ( CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY -01)**

1. CONCEPT OF PLANNING - STRATEGY OF PLANNING IN INDIA – ACHIEVEMENTS AND LIMITATIONS OF PLANNING – LESSONS OF PLANNING IN INDIA
2. ECONOMIC REFORMS IN INDIA – INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL POLICIES IN INDIA – TECHNOLOGICAL POLICY IN INDIA
3. CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS OF FEDERAL FINANCE – ISSUES IN CENTRAL-STATE FINANCE RELATIONS - LAST FINANCE COMMISSION’S REPORT
4. PROBLEM OF PRICE-RISE IN INDIA – CAUSES – EFFECTS – REMEDIES

## **SEMESTER : 06**

### **SYLLABUS FOR UG B. COM ALL SEMESTERS ECONOMICS**

#### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 06 (CORE)**

#### **ECONOMICS (PROBLEMS OF INDIAN ECONOMY (02)**

#### **PAPER -106 (CORE)**

- 1. QUANTUM, COMPOSITION AND DIRECTION OF FOREIGN TRADE – TRADE POLICIES – EXPORT PROMOTION POLICY – IMPORT SUBSTITUTION POLICY**
- 2. WORKING OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, THEIR PROBLEMS AND PRIVATE BANKS**
- 3. OBJECTIVES AND INSTRUMENTS OF MONETARY POLICY OF RESERVE BANK OF INDIA AND IT'S EVALUATION**
- 4. CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIAN TAX STRUCTURE – LIMITATIONS AND TAX REFORMS – PROBLEM OF BLACK MONEY AND DEMONATISATION**

# **SEMESTER : 01 M. COM. (P. G.)**

## **SYLLABUS FOR PG M. COM SEMESTER: 01 ECONOMICS**

### **NEW SYLLABUS FOR THE SEMESTER – 01 (CORE)**

#### **COMMERCE (M. COM)**

#### **PAPER -401 ( CORE)**

### **ECONOMICS (ECONOMICS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES -01)**

- 1. MEANING AND INDICATORS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND ECONOMIC GROWTH – NATIONAL INCOME AND PER-CAPITA INCOME AND PHYSICAL QUALITY OF LIFE INDEX (PQLI) AS INDICATORS OF DEVELOPMENT**
- 2. STRATEGY OF DEVELOPMENT – BALANCE GROWTH STRATEGY – UNBALANCE GROWTH STRATEGY – BIG-PUSH STRATEGY**
- 3. CONCEPT OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT – HDI –HRD – HPI – HGI AS INDICATORS OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT**
- 4. ADMINISTRATION – DIFFERENCE BETWEEN ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT - TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

# **SEMESTER : 02 M. COM. (P. G.)**

## **SYLLABUS FOR PG M. COM ALL SEMESTER:02 ECONOMICS**

### **COMMERCE M. COM**

#### **ECONOMICS (ECONOMICS OF DEVELOPING COUNTRIES -02)**

#### **PAPER -402 ( CORE)**

- 1. IMPORTANCE OF MONETARY AND FISCAL POLICIES IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES–  
OBJECTIVES OF TAX STRUCTURE – DEFICIT FINANCE AND ITS ECONOMIC EFFECTS**
- 2. MARKET ECONOMY – IT’S LIMITATIONS – IMPORTANCE OF PLANNING – PUBLIC  
PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP (PPP MODEL)**
- 3. FOREIGN TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT – INWARD LOOKING AND OUTWARD LOOKING  
TRADE POLICY – FOREIGN AID**
- 4. WORKING OF INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND ( IMF ) AND WORLD TRADE  
ORGANISATION ( WTO )**