

**H-55029**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (Part - I) Examination**

April / May – 2003

**Biochemistry : Paper-II**

*(Enzyme Chemistry & Metabolism)*

Time : **3** Hours]

[Total Marks : **100**

**Instruction :** All questions carry **equal** marks.

- 1**
- (a) Explain giving examples in detail the transferase class of enzymes.
  - (b) Give the various plots for the determination of  $k_m$  value.
  - (c) Explain the mechanism of enzyme reactions.

**OR**

- 1**
- (a) Give the allosteric enzymes regulation mechanism.
  - (b) Discuss the kinetic aspects of allosteric inhibition.
  - (c) Write the importance of enzyme kinetics and  $k_m$  value.
- 2**
- (a) Which of the following methods for immobilizing enzymes would you prefer :
    - (1) Adsorption
    - (2) Covalent bonding ? Discuss giving their strengths and weaknesses.
  - (b) What is the effect of immobilization on  $k_m$  of an enzyme. Explain in detail.

**OR**

- 2**
- (a) What are biosensors ? With the help of a diagram illustrate the working of an immobilized enzyme biosensor.
  - (b) Immobilized enzyme or immobilized cells ? Discuss the pros and cons of each.

- 3** Explain the following :
- (1) Alcohol metabolism
  - (2) Glycogen synthesis and its regulation
  - (3) Ketosis.

**OR**

- 3** (a) Write the structure and importance of the following :
- (1) Sialic acid
  - (2) Raffinose
  - (3) Trehalose.
- (b) Give an account of various sulfated polysaccharides and write proteoglycan Biosynthesis.

- 4** Explain cholesterol biosynthesis and its regulation. How drug can help in reducing cholesterol level ?

**OR**

- 4** Describe catabolism of prostaglandins and write an biological actions of prostaglandins.

- 5** (a) Discuss the biosynthesis of pyrimidine nucleotides.  
(b) Explain the catabolism of pyrimidine nucleotides.

**OR**

- 5** Write notes on :
- (a) Photosynthesis
  - (b) C<sup>3</sup> metabolism
  - (c) Metabolism of vitamins.

-----